

A Typology of Arguments

Keith Burgess-Jackson

arguments

inductive	deductive				
	syllogistic				nonsyl- logistic
	categorical			noncate- gorical	
	standard-form (N=256)		nonstd form		
	valid (N=15)	invalid (N=241)			
1	2	3	4	5	6

The typology is exhaustive and exclusive. To say that it's *exhaustive* is to say that it exhausts all the possibilities, i.e., that every argument goes somewhere in the typology. To say that it's *exclusive* is to say that no argument goes in more than one category. So every argument goes in one and only one category.